Inductive Bible Study

I. Why is it important

- A. How it will benefit you
 - 1. Concrete answers to life's questions
 - 2. Faith that is set upon a solid rock and keeps you from being tossed about by every wind of doctrine
 - 3. Gives you a future and a hope
- B. Allows you to interact with Scripture so you can remember what you have studied

II. What is it

- A. Three-step process to study the Bible
- B. Life changing
- C. A study that takes you directly to God's Word not someone else's ideas
- D. Process that allows Scripture to Interpret Scripture
- E. Interact with assignments
 - 1. May feel like a child coloring
 - 2. Necessary to do process
- F. Personally interact with the Living active word of God
- G. Helps you to wield your He 4:12 and Ephesians 6:17 offensive weapon without getting cut
- H. How we learn chart

**** Handouts - Chart - how we learn

III. Components of Inductive Study

- A. Three components Observation Interpretation Application
 - 1. Observation What does it say?
 - 2. Inter what does it mean
 - 3. App How does it apply to me
 - 4. Thorough Observation will lead to correct interpretation
 - 5. Application will naturally arise
 - 6. Observation will lead to inter & app as you study
 - 7. 95% of time observation
 - a) This is your interaction
 - b) This is time consuming
 - c) This is what people want to skip
 - d) This will be where we spend the majority of our class
 - 8. Quickly look at other 2 right now

- B. Interpretation What does it mean?
 - 1. Context rules Context is king
 - a) we will spend time developing that
 - b) Consider each verse in light of surrounding verses
 - 2. Always seek full counsel of God's Word
 - 3. Main things are the plain things
 - 4. Scripture will never contradict Scripture it is God-inspired Godbreathed
 - 5. Don't base convictions or doctrinal teachings on obscure passages
 - 6. Interpret Scripture literally
 - 7. Look for the single meaning of the passage
 - a) What did the author have in mind
 - b) Unless author indicates there is another meaning don't assume there is
 - 8. Use tools word studies, cross references, but leave commentaries until the end
- C. Application What does it mean to me personally?
 - 1. II Tim 3:16-17
 - a) All Scripture important
 - b) All can be used for teaching, reproof, correction, training in righteousness
 - c) Result man of God adequate, equipped
 - d) Teaching (doctrine)
 - (1) What Bible says on particular subject
 - (2) God's Word is absolute
 - (3) Observe, understand, apply
 - e) Reproof
 - (1) Expose thinking and behavior that doesn't line up
 - (2) Accept God's truth agree with God change your thinking
 - (3) This is how you are set free form unbelief and sin
 - f) Correction
 - (1) Apply teaching
 - (2) Change your actions take steps to correct
 - (3) God hasn't left you without help in any area of life
 - (4) Answers are there sometimes hard to find if we want to please God, His spirit will show us what to do
 - (5) Confessing and forsaking what is wrong
 - g) Training in righteousness
 - (1) Handbook for living

- (2) God equips us through
 - (a) Teaching
 - (b) Commands
 - (c) Promises
 - (d) Exhortations (encouragements)
 - (e) Warnings
 - (f) Lives of Biblical people
- 2. There is no situation in life that God's Word doesn't speak to
- 3. Result
 - a) May be adequate (#739 artios) perfect, complete, fitted, ready, prepared to function
 - b) Equipped for every good work
- 4. How to apply Scripture
 - a) What does the passage teach?
 - (1) What does it mean to me?
 - (2) What does it require of me?
 - b) Does this expose error in my beliefs?
 - c) What are God's instructions to His child?
 - d) Beware
 - (1) Don't apply cultural standards just Biblical
 - (2) Don't stretch meaning to support a truth
 - (3) Don't apply Scripture based on past teaching or training

IV. Steps to a Thorough Observation

- A. PRAYER!
 - 1. Can't emphasize enough
 - 2. HS lead to truth importance of prayer before study
 - a) John 14:26
 - b) John 16:13-15
 - c) I Cor 2:6-16
 - 3. God reveals Himself to those who seek Him
 - a) Dt 4:29
 - b) Pr 8:17
 - c) Jer 29:13
- B. Learn to Read Read with a purpose
 - 1. We don't read words on a page
 - 2. Read looking for something will cause you to see other things
 - 3. Hold conversation with the text
 - 4. Change your life School example

- C. Setting Context
 - 1. Context is the environment in which something lives
 - a) Every word phrase sentence verse
 - b) Paragraph chapter book
 - c) other books same author
 - d) Section of Bible Testament Bible itself
 - 2. gives meaning to the verse, word, or phrase
 - 3. Can't pull things out of context or you loose the meaning
 - a) Trunk
 - (1) Examples
 - (a) Elephant, chest, car trunk, tree
 - (b) Swimming
 - (c) Trunk of body
 - (d) Main arteries in body
 - (e) Trunk line
 - (2) Context
 - (a) I have a trunk. (trunks)
 - (b) It is gray. (body, arteries)
 - (c) I carry things in it. (tree, trunk line)
 - (d) It is part of my body (chest, car trunk)
 - b) Turkey
 - (1) Examples
 - (a) Bird, dinner, country
 - (b) Person
 - (c) Bowling
 - (d) Idea, movie, play
 - (2) Context
 - (a) I got turkey. (country, person)
 - (b) It was right around Thanksgiving. (idea, bowling, bird)
 - (c) I went bowling with my friends
 - 4. Context
 - a) Where do you begin?
 - b) Overview establishes the context
 - c) You can't understand content until you understand context
 - d) Main things Plain things
 - e) This lays your solid foundation

- D. Book Overview
 - 1. Important things to remember
 - a) 5 W's and H
 - b) Read with a purpose
 - c) Focus on the Obvious (FOTO)
 - d) Look for things that are repeated
 - e) People, places, events, ideas are most obvious
 - f) Reading with a purpose what does that mean? **Handout
 - (1) Read thoughtfully
 - (2) Read repeatedly
 - (3) Read patiently
 - (4) Read selectively
 - (5) Read prayerfully
 - (6) Read meditatively reflect on what you have read
 - (7) Read purposefully
 - (a) Verbs mood, tense, voice (Eph 5:18)
 - (b) Adj/Adv descriptions all, many, majestic (Phil 4:19)
 - (c) Prepositional phrases (Col 1:15-20)
 - (d) Conjunctions connectives (and, but) II Sam 11:1; Ps 37:4) -Therefore
 - (8) Read acquisitively acquiring knowledge to retain it
 - (a) Rewrite it
 - (b) Draw it illustrate it
 - (c) Study history, culture
 - (9) Read telescopically
 - (a) View parts in light of the whole
 - (b) Where does it fit in history
 - (c) Close up view of book and author
 - 2. Purpose of Overview
 - a) Getting the Big Picture
 - b) Building frame work of the puzzle
 - c) Looking for the most obvious things in puzzle what is most obvious?
 - (1) Author
 - (2) Recipients
 - (3) Purpose
 - (4) Key Words Repeated things
 - 3. <u>Step 1</u>
 - a) Read the book
 - (1) straight through

- (2) don't stop to think or question
- (3) Get general idea or feel of the book
- b) Determine type of Literature this will determine how to handle your study
 - (1) Historical OT, Acts
 - (2) Prophetic Revelation
 - (3) Biographical Luke
 - (4) Poetic Psalms
 - (5) Proverbial individual teachings
 - (6) Epistles (Letters) Philippians
 - (7) Didactic (teaching) deep, theological Romans
 - (8) Each one will be handled in a different way

4. <u>Step 2</u>

- a) Read book again beginning to ask questions
 - (1) Don't start answering questions yet
 - (2) Getting feel for the book
- b) 5 W's and H Focus on the Obvious
 - (1) Who wrote it? Who was it written to?
 - (2) Why was it written?
 - (3) When was it written what time in history?
 - (4) Where is the action taking place?
 - (5) What are the major teachings?
 - (6) How does this apply?
- c) Time in history did it take place
- d) Reason or Purpose the book was written
 - (1) you may not see that at this point in time that is fine
 - (2) we can look and it may be obvious some authors make it obvious
 - (a) John 20:30-31
 - (b) Luke 1:1-4
 - (c) I John 5:13
 - (d) Jude 3-4

5. <u>Step 3</u>

- a) Start with people
- b) Read again and mark
- c) If letter
 - (1) Author underline orange
 - (2) Recipient underline green
- d) What do you learn about them

**Handout

6. <u>Step 4</u>

- a) Finding purpose of the book
- b) Can you see it yet?
- c) If you can't see it here you will look again in step 7

7. <u>Step 5</u>

- a) Look for and mark Key Words and Phrases
- b) Important words
 - (1) Repeated throughout book (not just in one chapter)
 - (2) Unlock meaning of text
 - (3) Without them loose author's intent
 - (4) Come in layers
- c) Letter
 - (1) Author
 - (2) Recipients

d) ALWAYS KEY - may not want to mark them here - but you can

- (1) God
- (2) Jesus
- (3) Holy Spirit
- e) Marking cards. **Handout
 - (1) Bible
 - (2) Books
 - (3) Distinct colors and ways
 - (a) Not artistic contest
 - (b) Quick easy
 - (c) Easily distinguishable
- f) Slows us down
 - (1) Forces us to look at words in context
 - (2) Forces us to ask questions
 - (3) Forces us to interact
- g) Will come in layers

8. <u>Step 6</u>

**Handout

- a) Geographic Locations
- b) People
- c) Contrasts
 - (1) Showing the differences between two or more things
 - (2) Examples But, However, Yet, Nevertheless, On the other hand
- d) Comparisons
 - (1) Showing the similarities between two or more things
 - (2) Examples Like, As, Such as, Also, Metaphors
- e) Expressions of Time

- (1) Feasts
- (2) day, evening
- (3) When, Then, After this, Until, Now, Soon, As soon as
- f) Terms of Conclusion
 - (1) Because of the facts laid out, this is what you should do
 - (2) Examples Wherefore, Therefore, For, For this reason, Finally
- g) Warnings
 - (1) Beware
 - (2) Exhortations
 - (3) Let us
- h) Instructions
 - (1) Do/shall
 - (2) Don't do/shall not
- i) Lists
 - (1) Reveal truth
 - (2) Highlight important concepts
- 9. <u>Step 7</u> we have spent quite a bit of time in Philippians by now, time to draw all this together
 - a) Paragraph Themes
 - b) Chapter Themes
 - (1) What is the main idea of each chapter
 - (2) Use key words, other markings
 - (3) Each chapter needs to fit into the purpose of the book
 - c) Book theme
 - (1) Now is the time to find the purpose of the writing
 - (2) Taking into account all that we have learned
 - (3) The reason why the author wrote, what he's trying to communicate
 - d) At A Glance Chart building your own chart
 - (1) Authors
 - (2) Recipients
 - (3) Date
 - (4) Purpose
 - (5) Key words
 - (6) Book Theme
 - (7) Chapter Themes
 - (8) Segment divisions

E. Chapter Study - Digging in deeper

- 1. Over view is complete FOTO
 - a) now we zero in and focus on the details
 - b) Know what the author is saying
 - c) Know what the author is not saying
- 2. Prayer
- 3. Review context of the book (AAGC)
- 4. Read chapter looking for the 5 W's & H
- 5. Key words within the chapter
 - a) If you haven't marked the Godhead yet do so
 - b) Make lists
- 6. Contrasts/Comparisons from Step 6 in detail
- 7. Location and timing of events
- 8. Major characters
- 9. Major doctrines (teachings)
- 10. Check paragraph and chapter themes
- 11. Now read through verse by verse
 - a) Word Studies (meaning in the original language)
 - b) Cross-References (letting Scripture interpret Scripture)
 - c) Cultural or Historical backgrounds

V. Applying Study method to to other types of literature

- A. Historical
 - 1. Old Testament, Acts
 - 2. Studying in sections
- B. Prophetic
 - 1. Revelation, Daniel
 - 2. Focus on the pictures
- C. Biographical
 - 1. Gospels
 - 2. Following movement and stories
- D. Poetic (Songs)
 - 1. Psalms, Ecclesiastes, S of S
 - 2. Segments or sections
- E. Proverbial
 - 1. Proverbs
 - 2. Individual teachings
- F. Doctrinal (teachings of Christian faith) Romans, Hebrews
- G. Letters (Epistles) Corinthians through Jude

Each step reading through the chapter again!

VI. Resources

A. Books

- 1. The Strong's Exhaustive Concordance
- 2. The Complete Word Study Old Testament
- 3. The Complete Word Study New Testament
- 4. International Inductive Study Bible
- 5. How To Study Your Bible Kay Arthur
- 6. Between the Testaments Pfeiffer
- 7. Gospel's in Parallel (not if Inductive Study Bible)
- 8. Good chronological Bible (KJV or NASB or chronological reading chart)
- 9. Vine's Expository Dictionary
- 10. Commentaries MacArthur
- 11. Historical/Cultural reference
- B. Internet
 - 1. walkinlight.net
 - 2. preceptaustin.org
 - 3. biblegateway.com
 - 4. blueletterbible.org
 - 5. biblehub.com
 - 6. listen.talkingbibles.org
 - 7. scriptureearth.org